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CHAPTER 5 – BUSINESS REGULATIONS

Article 1 – Alcoholic Beverages

SECTION 5-101: DEFINITIONS

All words and phrases herein used are to have the definitions applied thereto as defined in the Liquor Control Act of the State of Nebraska. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-103)

SECTION 5-102: ACQUISITION AND POSSESSION

It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase, receive, acquire, accept, or possess any alcoholic liquor acquired from any other person other than one duly licensed to handle alcoholic liquor under the Nebraska Liquor Control Act. Nothing in this section shall prevent:

A. The possession of alcoholic liquor for the personal use of the possessor and his or her family and guests, so long as the quantity of alcoholic liquor transported, imported, brought, or shipped into the state does not exceed nine liters in any one calendar month;

B. The making of wine, cider, or other alcoholic liquor by a person from fruits, vegetables, or grains or the products thereof by simple fermentation and without distillation, if made solely for the use of the maker and his or her family and guests;

C. Any duly licensed practicing physician or dentist from possessing or using alcoholic liquor in the strict practice of his or her profession, any hospital or other institution caring for sick and diseased persons from possessing and using alcoholic liquor for the treatment of *bona fide* patients of such hospital or other institution, or any drug store employing a licensed pharmacist from possessing or using alcoholic liquor in compounding of prescriptions of licensed physicians;

D. The possession and dispensation of wine by an authorized representative of any church for the purpose of conducting any *bona fide* rite or religious ceremony conducted by such church;

E. Persons who are 16 years old or older from carrying alcoholic liquor from licensed establishments when they are accompanied by a person not a minor;

F. Persons who are 16 years old or older from handling alcoholic liquor containers and alcoholic liquor in the course of their employment;

G. Persons who are 16 years old or older from removing and disposing of alcoholic liquor containers for the convenience of the employer and customers in the course of their employment; or

H. Persons who are 19 years old or older from serving or selling alcoholic liquor in the course of their employment.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §§53-168.06, 53-175, 53-194.03)

SECTION 5-103: DRINKING ON PUBLIC PROPERTY; POSSESSION OF OPEN ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTAINER

A. Except when the Nebraska Liquor Control Commission has issued a license as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-186(2), it is unlawful for any person to consume alcoholic liquor upon property owned or controlled by the state or any governmental subdivision thereof unless authorized by the governing bodies having jurisdiction over such property. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-186[1])

B. It is unlawful for any person in the passenger area of a motor vehicle to possess an open alcoholic beverage container while the motor vehicle is located in a public parking area or on any highway in this city.

C. Except as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-186, it is unlawful for any person to consume an alcoholic beverage (1) in a public parking area or on any highway in this city or (2) inside a motor vehicle while in a public parking area or on any highway in this city.

D. For purposes of this division:

1. "Alcoholic beverage" means (a) beer, ale porter, stout, and other similar fermented beverages, including sake or similar products, of any name or description containing one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume, brewed or produced from malt, wholly or in part, or from any substitute therefor; (b) wine of not less than one-half of one percent of alcohol by volume; or (c) distilled spirits, which is that substance known as ethyl alcohol, ethanol, or spirits of wine in any form, including all dilutions and mixtures thereof from whatever source or by whatever process produced. "Alcoholic beverage" does not include trace amounts not readily consumable as a beverage;
2. "Highway" means a road or street including the entire area within the right of way;
3. "Open alcoholic beverage container" means any bottle, can, or other receptacle that (a) contains any amount of alcoholic beverage; and (b) is open or has a broken seal; or (c) the contents of which are partially removed; and
4. "Passenger area" means the area designed to seat the driver and passengers while the motor vehicle is in operation and any area that is readily accessible to the driver or a passenger while in their seating positions, including any compartments in such area. "Passenger area" does not in-

clude the area behind the last upright seat of such motor vehicle if the area is not normally occupied by the driver or a passenger and the motor vehicle is not equipped with a trunk.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §60-6,211.08)

SECTION 5-104: CONSUMPTION IN PUBLIC PLACES; LICENSE; SPECIAL DESIGNATED PERMIT

A. It is unlawful for any person owning, operating, managing, or conducting any dance hall, restaurant, café, club, or any place open to the general public to permit or allow any person to consume alcoholic liquor upon the premises except as permitted by a license issued for such premises pursuant to the Nebraska Liquor Control Act. It is unlawful for any person to consume alcoholic liquor in any dance hall, restaurant, café, club, or any place open to the general public except as permitted by a license issued for such premises pursuant to the act. This division does not apply to a retail licensee while lawfully engaged in the catering of alcoholic beverages.

B. Upon application for a special permit for the consumption of alcoholic liquor on public streets or other public places, the City Council may permit such consumption on such terms and conditions as it may determine. For such permit to be issued, written application must be made to the city clerk and the same must be acted upon at a special or regular meeting of the City Council. The terms and conditions for issuance of a special permit shall be set forth in the minutes of the meeting at which such application is considered.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-186.01)

SECTION 5-105: LICENSE REQUIRED

It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture for sale, sell, keep for sale, or to barter any alcoholic liquors within the city unless said person shall have in full force and effect a license as provided by the Nebraska Liquor Control Act. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-168.06)

SECTION 5-106: CITY POWERS AND DUTIES

A. The City Council is authorized to regulate by ordinance, not inconsistent with the Nebraska Liquor Control Act, the business of all retail, craft brewery, and microdistillery licensees carried on within the corporate limits of the city.

B. During the period of 45 days after the date of receiving from the Nebraska Liquor Control Commission an application for a new license to sell alcoholic liquor at retail or a craft brewery or microdistillery license, the City Council may make and submit to the commission recommendations relative to the granting or refusal to grant such license to the applicant.

C. The City Council, with respect to licenses within the corporate limits of the city, has the following powers, functions, and duties with respect to retail, craft brewery,

and microdistillery licenses:

1. To cancel or revoke for cause retail, craft brewery, and microdistillery licenses to sell or dispense alcoholic liquor issued to persons for premises within its jurisdiction, subject to the right of appeal to the commission.
2. To enter or authorize any law enforcement officer to enter at any time upon any premises licensed under the Nebraska Liquor Control Act (“the act”) to determine whether any provision of the act, any rule or regulation adopted and promulgated pursuant to the act, or any ordinance, resolution, rule, or regulation adopted by the City Council has been or is being violated and at such time examine the premises of such licensee in connection with such determination.
3. To receive a signed complaint from any citizen within its jurisdiction that any provision of the act, any rule or regulation adopted and promulgated pursuant to the act, or any ordinance, resolution, rule, or regulation relating to alcoholic liquor has been or is being violated and to act upon such complaints in the manner provided in the act.
4. To receive retail, craft brewery and microdistillery license fees as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §§53-124 and 53-124.01 and pay the same to the city treasurer after the license has been delivered to the applicant.
5. To examine or cause to be examined any applicant or any retail, craft brewery, or microdistillery licensee upon whom notice of cancellation or revocation has been served as provided in the act, to examine or cause to be examined the books and records of any applicant or licensee, and to hear testimony and to take proof for its information in the performance of its duties. For purposes of obtaining any of the information desired, the City Council may authorize its agent or attorney to act on its behalf.
6. To cancel or revoke on its own motion any license if, upon the same notice and hearing as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-134.04, it determines that the licensee has violated any of the provisions of the act or any valid and subsisting ordinance, resolution, rule, or regulation duly enacted, adopted, and promulgated relating to alcoholic liquor. Such order of cancellation or revocation may be appealed to the commission within 30 days after the date of the order by filing a notice of appeal with the commission, which shall handle the appeal in the manner provided for hearing on an application in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-133.
7. Upon receipt from the commission of the notice and copy of application as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-131, to fix a time and place for a hearing at which the City Council shall receive evidence, either orally or by affidavit from the applicant and any other person, bearing upon the propriety of the

issuance of a license. Notice of the time and place of such hearing shall be published in a legal newspaper in or of general circulation in the city one time not less than seven and not more than 14 days before the time of the hearing. Such notice shall include but not be limited to a statement that all persons desiring to give evidence before the City Council in support of or in protest against the issuance of such license may do so at the time of the hearing. Said hearing shall be held not more than 45 days after the date of receipt of the notice from the commission. After such hearing the City Council shall cause to be recorded in the minute record of its proceedings a resolution recommending either issuance or refusal of such license. The city clerk shall mail to the commission by first-class mail, postage pre-paid, a copy of the resolution, which shall state the cost of the published notice, except that failure to comply with this provision shall not void any license issued by the commission. If the commission refuses to issue such a license, the cost of publication of notice shall be paid by the commission from the security for costs.

D. When the Nebraska Liquor Control Commission mails or delivers to the city clerk a license issued or renewed by it, the clerk shall deliver the license to the licensee upon proof of payment of (1) the license fee if, by the terms of Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-124(5), the fee is payable to the city treasurer; (2) any fee for publication of notice of hearing before the City Council upon the application for license; (3) the fee for publication of notice of renewal, if applicable, as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-135.01; and (4) occupation taxes, if any, imposed by the city.

E. Notwithstanding any ordinance or charter power to the contrary, the city shall not impose an occupation tax on the business of any person, firm, or corporation licensed under the Nebraska Liquor Control Act and doing business within the corporate limits of the city in any sum which exceeds two times the amount of the license fee required to be paid under the act to obtain such license.
(Neb. Rev. Stat. §§53-131, 53-132, 53-134)

SECTION 5-107: LICENSEE REQUIREMENTS

No liquor license shall be issued to any person unless he or she: is a resident of Nebraska; is a person of good character and reputation in the community; is a U.S. citizen; has never been convicted of or pled guilty to a felony under the laws of this state, any other state, or the United States; has never been convicted of or pled guilty to any Class I misdemeanor pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-125; has never had a liquor license revoked for cause; and meets other requirements as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-125. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-125)

SECTION 5-108: LOCATION

A. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (B) of this section, no license shall be issued for the sale at retail of any alcoholic liquor within 150 feet of any church, school, hospital, or home for indigent persons or for veterans and their wives or chil-

dren. This prohibition does not apply (1) to any location within such distance of 150 feet for which a license to sell alcoholic liquor at retail has been granted by the commission for two years continuously prior to making of application for license, or (2) to hotels offering restaurant service, to regularly organized clubs, or to restaurants, food shops, or other places where sale of alcoholic liquor is not the principal business carried on, if such place of business so exempted was established for such purposes prior to May 24, 1935.

B. If a proposed location for the sale at retail of any alcoholic liquor is within 150 feet of any church, a license may be issued if the Liquor Control Commission gives notice to the affected church and holds a hearing as prescribed in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-133 if the affected church submits a written request for a hearing. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-177)

SECTION 5-109: ACCESS TO DWELLINGS

Except in the case of hotels and clubs, no alcoholic liquor shall be sold at retail upon any premises having any access which leads from such premises to any other portion of the same building used for dwelling or lodging purposes and which is permitted to be used or kept accessible for use by the public. Nothing herein shall prevent any connection with such premises and such other portion of the building that is used only by the licensee, his or her family, or personal guests. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-178)

SECTION 5-110: SANITARY CONDITIONS

It shall be unlawful to open for public use any retail liquor establishment that is not in a clean and sanitary condition. Toilet facilities shall be adequate and convenient for customers and patrons and said licensed premises shall be subject to any health inspections the City Council or the David City Police Department or its officers may make or cause to be made. All applications for liquor licenses shall be viewed in part from the standpoint of the sanitary conditions, and a report concerning the said sanitary conditions shall be made at all hearings concerning the application for or renewal of a liquor license. (Am. Ord. No. 1477, 6/12/24)

SECTION 5-111: CATERING LICENSES

A. The holder of a Class C, Class D, or Class I license issued under Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-124(5) or a craft brewery license may obtain an annual catering license by filing an application and license fee with the Nebraska Liquor Control Commission. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-124.12[1])

B. Upon receipt from the commission of the notice and copy of the application as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-124.12, the City Council shall process the application in the same manner as provided in Section 5-106 (City Powers and Duties). (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-124.12)

SECTION 5-112: DISPLAY OF LICENSE

Every licensee under the Nebraska Liquor Control Act shall cause his or her license to be framed and hung in plain public view in a conspicuous place on the licensed premises. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-148)

SECTION 5-113: HOURS OF SALE

A. For the purposes of this section:

1. "On sale" shall be defined as alcoholic beverages sold by the drink for consumption on the premises of the licensed establishment.
2. "Off sale" shall be defined as alcoholic beverages sold at retail in the original container for consumption off the premises of the licensed establishment.

B. It shall be unlawful for any licensed person or persons or their agents to sell at retail or dispense any alcoholic beverages within the city except during the hours provided herein:

Alcoholic Liquors including Beer and Wine	
Daily	
Off Sale	6:00 a.m. to 1:00 a.m.
On Sale	6:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m.

C. Such limitations shall not apply after 12:00 noon on Sunday to a licensee which is a nonprofit corporation and the holder of a Class C or Class I license.

D. It shall be unlawful on property licensed to sell alcoholic liquor at retail to allow alcoholic liquor in open containers to remain or be in possession or control of any person for purposes of consumption between fifteen minutes after the closing hour applicable to the licensed premises and 6:00 a.m. on any day.

E. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit licensed premises from being open for other business on days and hours during which this section prohibits the sale or dispensing of alcoholic beverages.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-179) (Am. Ord. No. 1179, 10/10/12)

SECTION 5-114: INSPECTIONS

The Liquor Control Commission and City Council shall cause frequent inspections to be made on the premises of all retail licensees and if it is found that any such licensee is violating any provision of the Nebraska Liquor Control Act or the rules and regulations of the commission adopted and promulgated under the act or is failing to observe in good faith the purposes of the act, the license may be suspended, canceled, or

revoked after the licensee is given an opportunity to be heard in his or her defense. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-116.01)

SECTION 5-115: OWNER OF PREMISES

The owner of any premises used for the sale at retail of alcoholic beverages shall be deemed guilty of a violation of these laws to the same extent as the said licensee if the owner shall knowingly permit the licensee to use the said licensed premises in violation of any municipal code section or Nebraska statute. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-1,101)

SECTION 5-116: EMPLOYER

The employer of any officer, director, manager, or employee working in a retail liquor establishment shall be held to be liable and guilty of any act or omission or violation of any law or ordinance. Each such act or omission shall be deemed and held to be the act of the employer and will be punishable in the same manner as if the said act or omission had been committed by him or her personally. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-1,102)

SECTION 5-117: HIRING MINORS

It shall be unlawful for any person to hire minors under the age of 19 years to serve or dispense alcoholic liquors, including beer, in the course of their employment. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-168.06)

SECTION 5-118: MINOR'S PRESENCE

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons who own, manage, or lease an establishment selling alcoholic beverages at retail to allow any minor under the age of 18 years to frequent or otherwise remain in the said establishment unless the said minor is accompanied by a parent or legal guardian and unless said minor remains seated with and under the immediate control of the said parent or legal guardian. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-134.03)

SECTION 5-119: MINORS AND INCOMPETENTS

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to sell, give away, dispose of, exchange, permit the sale of, or make a gift of any alcoholic liquors or to procure any such alcoholic liquors to or for any minor or any person who is mentally incompetent. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-180)

SECTION 5-120: CREDIT SALES

No person shall sell or furnish alcoholic liquor at retail to any person on credit, on a passbook, on an order on a store, in exchange for any goods, wares, or merchandise, or in payment for any services rendered. If any person extends credit for any such purpose, the debt thereby attempted to be created shall not be recoverable at law. Nothing in this section shall prevent any club holding a Class C license from permitting

checks or statements for alcoholic liquor to be signed by members or guests of members and charged to the accounts of the said members or guests in accordance with the bylaws of any such club; and nothing in this section shall prevent (A) any hotel or restaurant holding a retail alcoholic beverage license from permitting checks or statements for liquor to be signed by regular guests residing in the said hotel and charged to the accounts of such guests, or (B) any licensed retailer engaged in the sale of wine or distilled spirits from issuing tasting cards to customers. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-183)

SECTION 5-121: ORIGINAL PACKAGE

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons who own, manage, or lease any premises in which the sale of alcoholic beverages is licensed to have in their possession for sale at retail any alcoholic liquors contained in bottles, casks, or other containers except in the original package. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the refilling of original packages of alcoholic liquor for strictly private use and not for resale. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-184)

SECTION 5-122: CONDUCT PROHIBITED ON LICENSED PREMISES

No licensee in this city shall engage in, allow, or suffer in or upon the licensed premises any disturbances, lewdness, immoral activities or displays, brawls, or unnecessary noise; or allow, permit or suffer the licensed premises to be used in such a manner as to create public censure or become a nuisance, public or private.

SECTION 5-123: AUTOMATIC LICENSE RENEWAL; PROTESTS

A. An outstanding retail license issued by the commission may be automatically renewed by the commission without formal application upon payment of the renewal fee and license fee if payable to the commission prior to or within 30 days after the expiration of the license. The payment shall be an affirmative representation and certification by the licensee that all answers contained in an application, if submitted, would be the same in all material respects as the answers contained in the last previous application. The commission may at any time require a licensee to submit an application, and the commission shall at any time require a licensee to submit an application if requested in writing to do so by the City Council. If a licensee files an application form in triplicate original upon seeking renewal of his or her license, the application shall be processed as set forth in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-131.

B. Any licensed retail premises located in an area which is annexed by the city shall file a formal application for a license. While such application is pending, the licensee may continue all license privileges until the original license expires or is canceled or revoked. If such license expires within 60 days following the annexation date of such area, the license may be renewed by order of the commission for not more than one year.

C. The city clerk shall cause to be published in a legal newspaper in or of general circulation in the city one time between January 10 and January 30 each year

individual notice of the right of automatic renewal of each retail liquor and beer license within the city in the form prescribed by law; provided, Class C license renewal notices shall be published between July 10 and July 30 each year. Upon the conclusion of any hearing required by this section, the City Council may request a licensee to submit an application as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-135.

D. Written protests to the issuance of automatic renewal of a license may be filed by any resident of the city on or before February 10, 20...., or August 10, 20...., in the office of the city clerk and that in the event protests are filed by three or more such persons, hearing will be had to determine whether continuation of the license should be allowed.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §§53-135, 53-135.01)

SECTION 5-124: CITIZENS' COMPLAINT

A. Any five residents of the city shall have the right to file a complaint with the City Council stating that any retail licensee subject to the jurisdiction of the council has been or is violating any provision of the Nebraska Liquor Control Act or the rules or regulations issued pursuant to the act. Such complaint shall be in writing in the form prescribed by the City Council and shall be signed and sworn by the parties complaining. The complaint shall state the particular provision, rule, or regulation believed to have been violated and the facts in detail upon which belief is based.

B. If the City Council is satisfied that the complaint substantially charges a violation and that from the facts alleged there is reasonable cause for such belief, it shall set the matter for hearing within ten days from the date of the filing of the complaint and shall serve notice upon the licensee of the time and place of such hearing and of the particular charge in the complaint. The complaint must in all cases be disposed of by the City Council within 30 days from the date the complaint was filed by resolution thereof and said resolution shall be deemed the final order for purposes of appeal to the Nebraska Liquor Control Commission as provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-1,115.

C. The following form is hereby prescribed for the use of residents of this city desiring to complain to the mayor and the City Council that any licensee is violating any provision of the Nebraska Liquor Control Act, regulations prescribed by the Nebraska Liquor Control Commission, or any provision of this ordinance:

To the Mayor and City Council of the City of David City, Nebraska:

The undersigned respectfully state:

1. That each one is a resident of the City of David City, Nebraska.

2. That they believe that _____, the holder of a Class ____ license in the aforesaid city, has violated Section _____ of (check one or more):

_____ the Nebraska Liquor Control Act.
 _____ the regulations prescribed by the Nebraska Liquor Control Commission.
 _____ the municipal code of the City of David City, Nebraska.

3. That the aforesaid belief is based on the following facts, to-wit:

 _____.

(Name) (Name)

(Name) (Name)

(Name)

STATE OF NEBRASKA)
) ss.
 COUNTY OF BUTLER)

Subscribed in my presence and sworn to before me by
 _____, _____, _____,
 _____ and _____ this _____ day of
 _____, 20____.

My commission expires _____.

Notary Public

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-134.04)

SECTION 5-125: COMPLAINT INITIATED BY COUNCIL

The City Council may on its own motion by resolution fix the time and place for a hearing on whether a licensee has violated any section of the Nebraska Liquor Control Act, the regulations of the Nebraska Liquor Control Commission, or this code, which resolution shall state the section or sections in question. Said resolution shall be served in the same manner and within the same time as the initial resolution mentioned in Section 5-124 (Citizens' Complaint), and insofar as possible the procedure shall be the same as is provided in that section. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-134)

SECTION 5-126: REVOCATION OF LICENSE

Whenever any licensee has been convicted by any court of a violation of the Nebraska Liquor Control Act, the licensee may, in addition to the penalties for such offense, incur a forfeiture of the license and all money that had been paid for the license. The City

Council may conditionally revoke the license subject to a final order of the Liquor Control Commission or the commission may revoke the license in an original proceeding brought before it for that purpose. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-116.02)

SECTION 5-127: CHANGE OF PREMISES

Any retailer licensee desiring to transfer his or her license from one premises to another shall file a written request for permission to do so with the city clerk and shall also file with said clerk a sworn statement showing that the premises to which removal is to be made comply in all respects with the requirements of the Nebraska Liquor Control Act, as amended. The city clerk shall present said application and statement to the City Council at its next meeting and it shall by resolution approve or disapprove the transfer. If the transfer is approved, the said approval shall be endorsed on the license by the mayor and attested by the city clerk.

SECTION 5-128: REMOVAL OF INTOXICATED PERSONS FROM PUBLIC OR QUASI-PUBLIC PROPERTY

A. County sheriffs and deputies, Nebraska State Patrol troopers, David City Police Department officers and any other such law enforcement officers with power to arrest for traffic violations may take a person who is intoxicated and in the judgment of the officer dangerous to himself, herself, or others or who is otherwise incapacitated from any public or quasi-public property. An officer removing an intoxicated person from public or quasi-public property shall make a reasonable effort to take such intoxicated person to his or her home or to place such person in any hospital, clinic, alcoholism center, or with a medical doctor as may be necessary to preserve life or to prevent injury. Such effort at placement shall be deemed reasonable if the officer contacts those facilities or doctors which have previously represented a willingness to accept and treat such individuals and which regularly do accept such individuals. If such efforts are unsuccessful or are not feasible, the officer may then place such intoxicated person in civil protective custody, except that civil protective custody shall be used only so long as is necessary to preserve life or to prevent injury and under no circumstances for longer than 24 hours.

B. The placement of such person in civil protective custody shall be recorded at the facility or jail to which he or she is delivered and communicated to his or her family or next of kin, if they can be located, or to such person designated by the person taken into civil protective custody.

C. The law enforcement officer who acts in compliance with this section shall be deemed to be acting in the course of his or her official duty and shall not be criminally or civilly liable for such actions.

D. The taking of an individual into civil protective custody under this section shall not be considered an arrest. No entry or other record shall be made to indicate that the person has been arrested or charged with a crime.

E. For purposes of this section, "public property" shall mean any public right of way, street, highway, alley, park, or other state-, county-, or city-owned property. "Quasi-public property" shall mean and include private or publicly owned property utilized for proprietary or business uses which invites patronage by the public or which invites public ingress and egress.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-1,121) (Am. Ord. No. 1477, 6/12/24)

Article 2 – Sales and Advertising

SECTION 5-201: ITINERANT SALES; REGULATION

A. To prevent the sale of fraudulent, dangerous, and unhealthy goods and services and to protect the public by maintaining records of the products sold and the persons and companies responsible for such sales, all itinerant sales personnel shall, before doing business within the city, make application for and be issued a permit. Application for such permit shall be made to the city clerk's office and shall contain the necessary information required thereby and identification and documents required for the protection of the residents of the city.

B. The city clerk shall submit such application to the David City Police Department, which shall investigate the applicant and the application. Upon determining that such permit would not constitute a nuisance to the citizens, the Police Department shall certify to the city clerk such approval and the clerk shall then have the authority to issue a sales permit to the approved applicant. Each person granted a permit shall pay a fee the clerk, and upon payment, the clerk may issue a sales permit to such approved applicant. Such fee amount shall be as set by resolution of the City Council and placed on file in the city clerk's office. The permit shall be valid for a period of seven days from and after date of issuance. The date of expiration shall be clearly marked on the permit. A sales permit shall be required for each person desiring to do business within the city. Any person or persons granted such permit shall be subject to any occupation taxes and other rules and regulations which the City Council deems appropriate for the purposes stated herein.

C. Any permit so granted shall be subject to revocation for good and sufficient cause. It shall be unlawful for a solicitor, salesperson, or peddler to solicit without a proper permit on his or her person at all times.
(Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-525) (Am. Ord. No. 1477, 6/12/24)

SECTION 5-202: ITINERANT SALES; EXCEPTIONS

The provisions of this article shall not extend to individuals calling on retail merchants in the corporate limits of the city for the purpose of taking orders or selling merchandise for resale by such merchants or to any person or persons selling produce raised within the county or to a representative of a non-profit or charity organization soliciting on behalf of that organization.

SECTION 5-203: ITINERANT SALES; HOURS

It shall be unlawful to make calls as a solicitor or peddler to prospective customers before 8:00 a.m. or after 6:00 p.m. any day unless they have a previous appointment with the resident(s) of the premises solicited. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-134)

SECTION 5-204: SIGNS; DISTRIBUTION OF LEAFLETS; PERMIT

Any person or persons wishing to erect or cause to be erected any advertising display, sign or other construction for the purpose of advertising on or over any city property or wishing to distribute leaflets or pamphlets upon any city property shall make an application to the city clerk. Such application shall contain all the necessary information and documents which the City Council deems appropriate. The council shall then assign to a committee the duty to consider such application and to recommend the acceptance or rejection of the proposed application. If the council accepts the application, it shall then direct the city clerk to issue the permit. Any person or persons granted a sign permit shall be subject to any fees, taxes or other rules and regulations which the council deems appropriate. Any permit so granted shall be subject to revocation for good and sufficient cause by the City Council. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-140)

Article 3 – Occupation Taxes

SECTION 5-301: LEVY AUTHORIZED

A. The city shall have power to raise revenue by levying and collecting a license tax on any occupation or business within the limits of the city and regulate the same by ordinance. Any occupation tax imposed pursuant to this section shall make a reasonable classification of businesses, users of space, or kinds of transactions for purposes of imposing such tax, except that no occupation tax shall be imposed on any transaction which is subject to tax under Neb. Rev. Stat. §§53-160, 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602, or 77-4008 or which is exempt from tax under Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-2704.24. The occupation tax shall be imposed in the manner provided in Neb. Rev. Stat. §18-1208, except that Neb. Rev. Stat. §18-1208 does not apply to an occupation tax subject to Neb. Rev. Stat. §86-704. All such taxes shall be uniform in respect to the classes upon which they are imposed. All scientific and literary lectures and entertainments shall be exempt from such taxation, as well as concerts and other musical entertainments given exclusively by the citizens of the city.

B. The occupation tax upon such occupations and businesses carried on within this city shall be levied in such amounts as set by ordinance and kept on file with the city clerk; and every person, firm, association or corporation carrying on the occupation or business specified within the limits of said city shall pay to the city treasury the sum named as a tax upon such occupation or business. All money so collected shall be credited to the general fund, except as provided in Section 5-302(D) as to fire insurance companies.

C. The tax on telephone and telecommunications companies shall be as provided in Section 5-302.

D. The City Council shall have authority, by ordinance, to impose an occupation tax of not more than \$5.00 per annum on each fire insurance corporation, company or association doing business in the city for the use, support and benefit of the volunteer Fire Department. All revenue realized from the occupation tax on fire insurance companies shall be appropriated to the general fund, which shall then be disbursed to the D.C. Rural Volunteer Fire Department - District #9.

E. Notwithstanding any ordinance or charter power to the contrary, the city shall not impose an occupation tax on the business of any person, firm, or corporation licensed under the Nebraska Liquor Control Act and doing business within the corporate limits of the city in any sum which exceeds two times the amount of the license fee required to be paid under the act to obtain such license.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §§17-525, 35-106, 53-132)

SECTION 5-302: TELEPHONE AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANIES

A. *Revenue.* The provisions of this section are enacted solely as a revenue

measure of the city.

B. *Tax Levied.* An occupation tax is hereby levied and imposed upon every company or person who engages in the business of providing local exchange telephone service, intrastate message toll telephone service and mobile telecommunications services for revenue in the city.

C. *Definition.* "Mobile telecommunications services" shall mean a wireless communication service carried on between mobile stations or receivers and land stations and by mobile stations communication among themselves, which shall include:

1. Both one-way and two-way wireless communications services;
2. A mobile service which provides a regularly interacting group of base, mobile, portable, and associated control and relay stations, whether on an individual, cooperative, or multiple basis, for private one-way or two-way land mobile radio communications by eligible users over designated areas of operation; and
3. Any personal communications service.

D. *Amount of Tax.* The occupation tax shall be 3% of the gross income received from furnishing local exchange telephone service and intrastate message toll telephone service, other than mobile telecommunications services as defined herein, from subscribers within the corporate limits of the city. If the telecommunications services provided are mobile telecommunications services as defined herein, the tax shall be a percentage, per the fee schedule as set by ordinance of the City Council, of the gross income received from furnishing services that originate and terminate in the same state to a customer with a place of primary use within the corporate limits of the city. Gross receipts shall not mean:

1. The gross income, including the division of revenue, settlements or carrier access charges received on or after January 1, 1984, from the sale of a telephone communication service to a communication service provider for purposes of furnishing telephone communication services; or
2. The gross income attributable to services rendered using a prepaid telephone calling arrangement.

E. *Quarterly Payment; Due Date.* The payment of any occupation tax levied and imposed by the provisions of this article shall be made in quarterly payments using the calendar quarter year as a basis for determining the due date. Each quarterly payment shall be due 30 days immediately following the termination of each calendar quarter year.

F. *Statement Filed.* Every person coming within the provisions of this article

shall, on or before the 15th day of the month immediately following the termination of each calendar quarter, file with the city clerk, in the case of those persons taxed by this section, a full, complete and detailed statement of the income and gross receipts of said person for the preceding three calendar months, omitting therefrom the appropriate exceptions and exemptions, if any. All statements shall be duly verified as true and correct and sworn to by the manager or managing officer of such person.

G. *Right to Inspect.* The city shall have the right at any and all times during business hours to inspect, through the comptroller or some other officer appointed by the City Council, the books and records of any person coming under the provisions of this article for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of the required statement of subsection (F).

H. *Failure to File; Interest; Penalty.* In the event any person coming under the provisions of this article shall refuse, fail or neglect to furnish or file the required statement at the time or times specified, the occupation tax for the preceding three calendar months shall draw interest at the rate of 1% per month after due and payable and, in addition thereto, a penalty of 5% for the failure to file.

I. *Delinquent Payments.* All delinquent payments shall draw interest at the rate of 1% per month and, if delinquent for six months or more, a penalty of 5% shall be added thereon in addition to the interest charge.

J. *Civil Action.* In case any person shall fail to make payment of the occupation tax as required by this article, the city shall have the right and may sue any such person or persons in any court of competent jurisdiction for the amount of the occupation tax due and payable and may recover judgment against such person for the amount so due, together with interest and penalties, and may have execution thereon.

K. *Disposition of Receipts.* The occupation taxes paid under the provisions of this article shall be credited to the general fund of the city.

SECTION 5-303: COLLECTION DATE

All occupation taxes shall be due and payable on the first day of May each year, except in the event that the said tax is levied daily. Upon the payment thereof by any person or persons to the city clerk, he or she shall give a receipt, properly dated, specifying the person paying the said tax and the amount paid; provided, occupation taxes collected from Class C liquor licenses shall be due and payable on the first day of November. The revenue collected shall then be immediately deposited into the general fund by the city treasurer. The treasurer shall keep an accurate account of all revenue turned over to him or her. All forms and receipts aforementioned shall be issued in duplicate. One copy shall then be kept by each party in the transaction. See Section 5-302 for telephone and telecommunications companies.

SECTION 5-304: CERTIFICATES

The receipt issued after payment of any occupation tax shall be the occupation tax certificate, which shall specify the amount of the tax and the name of the person and/or business that paid the said tax. The occupation tax certificate shall then be displayed in a prominent place or carried in such a way as to be easily accessible while business is being conducted.

SECTION 5-305: FAILURE TO PAY

If any person, company or corporation fails or neglects to pay the occupation taxes as provided herein on the day the same shall become due and payable, the city shall proceed by civil suit to collect the amount due. All delinquent taxes shall bear interest at the rate of 1% per month until paid. See Section 5-302 for telephone and telecommunications companies.

Article 4 – Bingo

SECTION 5-401: NEBRASKA BINGO ACT

The purpose of the Nebraska Bingo Act is to protect the health and welfare of the public; to protect the economic welfare and interest in the fair play of bingo; to insure that the gross receipts derived from the conduct of bingo are accurately reported in order that their revenue-raising potential be fully exposed; to insure that the profits of bingo are used for lawful purposes; and to prevent the purposes for which the profits of bingo are to be used from being subverted by improper elements. All applicable state statutes as they now exist or may hereafter be amended shall be and will constitute a part of this article as if repeated verbatim herein, and violation of any state statute will be a distinct and separate offense against the city as well as against the state. Violators thereof shall be separately prosecuted by the city for each of such offenses and if convicted shall be deemed to be guilty of a misdemeanor. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §§9-201 through 9-266)

SECTION 5-402: REGULATION

A. Games of bingo shall be conducted within the city in accordance with all laws of the city and state if the said game of bingo is played for or involves profit or gain.

B. Any association duly licensed by the state to conduct the game of bingo shall obtain a written permit from the City Council before commencing operation of said game. Application shall be made to the city clerk for such permit. Said application form shall contain such information and documents or copies thereof as the council deems necessary to determine whether to grant or reject the application. Upon the determination that granting the application would be proper, the city clerk shall issue the said license to the applicant upon the payment of an annual permit fee as set by resolution of the City Council and kept on file in the office of the city clerk. Said license shall be subject to revocation at any time for good cause. Any person or persons so licensed shall be subject to any other fees, rules, and regulations which the council may designate.

C. All permits so issued will automatically expire on September 30 following their issuance or renewal. The fee for each renewal shall be as set by resolution of the City Council and kept on file in the office of the city clerk. The said fee shall be credited to the general fund.

D. The permit shall be on display at any place where a game of bingo is conducted.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §9-232.03)

Article 5 – Penal Provision

SECTION 5-501: VIOLATION; PENALTY

Any person who shall violate or refuse to comply with the enforcement of any of the provisions of this chapter, set forth at full length herein or incorporated by reference, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$500.00 for each offense. A new violation shall be deemed to have been committed every 24 hours of such failure to comply. (Ord. No. 1119, 1/13/10)